10-20-00

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s):

William Hsiao-Yu Ku, Joey Allen Perry and John Shih-Yuan Wang,

For: MONITORING MODIFICATIONS TO ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

Enclosed are also:

- X 12 Pages of Specification including an Abstract
- X 9 Pages of Claims
- \underline{X} 4 Sheet(s) of Drawings
- X A Declaration and Power of Attorney
- X Form PTO 1595 and assignment of the invention to IBM Corporation

CLAIMS AS FILED

FOR	Number Filed		Number Extra	r	Rate		Basic Fee (\$710)		
Total Claims	32	-20 =	12	X	\$ 18	=	\$	216.00	
Independent Claims	14	- 3 =	11	X	\$ 80	=	\$	880.00	
Multiple Dependent Claims	0			X	\$260	=	\$	00.00	
			Total Filing Fee			=	\$1,806.00		

X Please charge \$1,806.00 to IBM Corporation, Deposit Account No. 09-0447.

X The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with the communication or credit any over payment to IBM Corporation, Deposit Account No. 09-0447. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

 \underline{X} Any additional filing fees required under 37CFR § 1.16.

X Any patent application processing fees under 37CFR § 1.17.

Respectfully.

Marilyn Smith Dawkins

Reg. No. 31,140

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09/690457 09/690457 10/19/00

MONITORING MODIFICATIONS TO ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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1. Technical Field:

The present invention relates generally to the field of computer software and, more particularly, to monitoring changes to environment variables.

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2. Description of Related Art:

Computer use has increased exponentially during the past several years. Much of this growth has been due to the increasing use of personal computers for home use due to recent sharp decreases in the price of computers as technology advances. This increase in the number of computers in use has also been spurred by the recent explosion of the Internet.

Thus large numbers of people with little or no computer expertise are interacting with computers on a daily basis. Novice users are purchasing and loading software applications onto their computers from a variety of sources without regard for what other software applications may exist on their computer and without regard as to how the different software applications will integrate with each other. Many of these software applications include and use some of the same executable files as other software applications already loaded onto the user's computer. When a new software application is loaded, the user may end up having multiple copies of the same executable file stored in different locations in the user's computer. However, the two copies of the

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

executable file may be different versions.

Thus, if one software application attempts to run the wrong version of the executable file, problems may occur. The problem of duplicate files is not limited to situations arising from inexperienced computer users as discussed above. Duplicate files also may pose a problem to even more sophisticated computer users. For example, a user may, for various reasons, expressly desire to have multiple versions of a software application or data file available on the computer. However, ensuring that the proper file is selected is still a problem.

One reason some software errors occur due to the existence of duplicate files is that the incorrect one is often selected due to the order of the directories in an environment variable. For example, assume that the PATH environment variable is defined as "PATH=C:\x\bin;C:\y\bin" and a.exe exists in both C:\x\bin and C:\y\bin. When the user executes a.exe, the one in the C:\x\bin directory will be used. In some cases, this is exactly what the users desires. However, in other cases, the user wishes to execute C:\y\bin\a.exe, but the user is unaware that a.exe also exists in C:\x\bin.

Thus, duplicate files can cause numerous problems and often these problems are very difficult to debug. Therefore, it would be desirable to have a method, system, and apparatus for managing the path sequence of environment variables to prevent the existence of duplicate path sequences in an environment variable.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention provides a method, system, and program for automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever a path sequence for an environment variable may be modified. The environment variable manager then corrects the path sequence of the 10 environment variable in a data processing system. embodiment, an environment variable manager monitors the data processing system for any change effecting any of the environment variables within the data processing If a change effecting the environment variable is detected, the environment variable manager modifies the environment variable to ensure that a proper file is found and used when the file is selected by a user or requested by a running application program. Therefore, when duplicate files exist on the data processing system, 20 the environment variable manager ensures that the incorrect file is not used when the file is requested by a user or requested by a running application program.

25

Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself, however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 depicts a block diagram of a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented;

15 Figure 2 depicts a block diagram illustrating a path management system in accordance with the present invention:

Figure 3 depicts a process flow and program function for updating the path sequence of an environment variable when a directory is manually deleted in accordance with the present invention; and

Figure 4 depicts a process flow and program function for removing duplicate file names from a path sequence of an environment variable in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With reference now to the figures, and in particular 5 with reference to Figure 1, a block diagram of a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented is illustrated. Data processing system 100 employs a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) local bus architecture. Although the depicted example employs a PCI bus, other bus architectures, such as Micro Channel 10 and ISA, may be used. Processor 102 and main memory 104 are connected to PCI local bus 106 through PCI bridge 108. PCI bridge 108 may also include an integrated memory controller and cache memory for processor 102. Additional connections to PCI local bus 106 may be made through direct component interconnection or through add-in boards.

In the depicted example, local area network (LAN) adapter 110, SCSI host bus adapter 112, and expansion bus 20 interface 114 are connected to PCI local bus 106 by direct component connection. In contrast, audio adapter 116, graphics adapter 118, and audio/video adapter (A/V) 119 are connected to PCI local bus 106 by add-in boards inserted into expansion slots. Expansion bus interface 25 114 provides a connection for a keyboard and mouse adapter 120, modem 122, and additional memory 124. the depicted example, SCSI host bus adapter 112 provides a connection for hard disk drive 126, tape drive 128, CD-ROM drive 130, and digital video disc read only memory 30 drive (DVD-ROM) 132. Typical PCI local bus

25

Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

implementations will support three or four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors.

An operating system runs on processor 102 and is used to coordinate and provide control of various

5 components within data processing system 100 in Figure 1.

The operating system may be a commercially available operating system, such as OS/2, which is available from International Business Machines Corporation. "OS/2" is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.

An object oriented programming system, such as Java, may run in conjunction with the operating system, providing calls to the operating system from Java programs or applications executing on data processing system 100.

Instructions for the operating system, the

object-oriented operating system, and applications or programs are located on a storage device, such as hard disk drive 126, and may be loaded into main memory 104 for execution by processor 102.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware in Figure 1 may vary depending on the implementation. For example, other peripheral devices, such as optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted in Figure 1. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention. For example, the processes of the present invention may be applied to multiprocessor data processing systems.

With reference now to Figure 2, a block diagram

30 illustrating a path management system is depicted in accordance with the present invention. System 208 may be

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

implemented as, for example, data processing system 100 in Figure 1. Duplicate files on the same system 208 will cause problems when both files are in an environment variable's 204 path sequence. An environment variable is an item of data that is updated by the operating system, Web server or other control program. Environment variables typically reside in memory, such as, for example, memory 124 in Figure 1, and can be read by applications to determine the current status of the system 208. Environment variables contain data such as time, date, path sequence, version number, login information and so on. One example of an environment variable is the PATH environment variable. Other examples of environment variables, as will be recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art, include CLASS PATH, LOC PATH, and LIB PATH.

When a path sequence is modified or when duplicate files are created or installed in the system 208, environment variable manager 202 informs a user of this modification through I/O device interface 206. I/O device interface 206 may comprise a plurality of interfaces and/or devices and provides an interface to numerous devices such as, for example, a keyboard and/or mouse for receiving user input and, for example, a video display terminal for displaying information to a user. Environment variable manager 208 then prompts the user, through I/O device interface 206 for actions to be taken to correct the problem.

When a directory is manually deleted from system 30 208, some path sequences of environment variables 204 which contain that directory may not be affected, but the

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

non-existent directory may cause confusion at a later time. Therefore, environment variable manager 202 informs the user at that moment so that the non-existent directory may be deleted from the path sequence of the affected environment variables 204.

With reference now to **Figure 3**, a process flow and program function for updating the path sequence of an environment variable when a directory is manually deleted is depicted in accordance with the present invention.

Once an environment variable manager, such as, for example, environment variable manager 202 in Figure 2, detects the deletion of a directory (step 302) from the system, such as, for example, system 208 in Figure 2, the environment variable manager presents a message to the

user that a directory has been deleted and prompts the user for an appropriate action (step 304). The user may select to allow the environment variable manager to automatically update the affected environment variables, such as, for example, environment variables 204 in Figure

20 2, or may, alternatively, choose to modify the affected environment variables manually.

Thus, the environment variable manager determines from the user input whether the user has selected an automatic or manual update to the environment variables (step 306). If the user selects an automatic update, the environment variable manager searches and finds all references to the deleted directory in the environment variables (step 308). Once the affected environment variables have been found, the environment variable manager deletes all references to the deleted directory from the affected environment variables (step 310). If

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

the user selects a manual update, the environment variable manager searches and finds all references to the deleted directory in environment variables (step 312) and presents the list of all affected environment variables to the user (step 314). The user may then manually edit each affected environment variable to correct the problem.

Returning now to Figure 2, when a software product is installed on system 208, additional directories may be added to the path sequence of some environment variables This could result in duplicate files existing in system 208 and environment variable manager 202 informs the user, through I/O device interface 206 such that the problem may be corrected. Furthermore, when an environment variable 204 is modified manually or by the system, this also could result in duplicate files existing in the path sequence of that particular environment variable 204. Since the first path found in the environment variable 204 will be the one selected, problems may arise if the undesired one is selected Therefore, environment variable manager 202 monitors and detects modification of environment variables 204 and determines whether duplicate path sequences exist. If duplicate files exist in the path sequence of one or more of environment variables 204, environment variable manager 202 prompts the user via I/O device interface 206 for the appropriate action and then corrects the problem.

With reference now to **Figure 4**, a process flow and program function for removing duplicate file names from a path sequence of an environment variable is depicted in

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

accordance with the present invention. The environment variable manager, such as, for example, environment variable manager 202 in Figure 2, monitors environment variables, such as, for example environment variables 204 in Figure 2. If the environment variable manager detects that an environment variable has been modified (step 402), environment variable manager determines whether duplicate files exist in the path sequence of that environment variable (step 404). If no duplicate files exist in the path sequence of the modified environment variable, then no further action is taken.

If, however, duplicate files do exist in the path sequence of the modified environment variable, the environment variable manager prompts the user to select the appropriate file name that is the correct file (step 406). Once the environment variable manager receives the selection of the correct file from the user (step 408), the environment variable manager then removes the incorrect file or files from the path sequence of the modified environment variable (step 410). Thus, the path sequence of the environment variable is corrected to ensure that the proper file is used when necessary.

It is important to note that while the present invention has been described in the context of a fully functioning data processing system, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the processes and program function of the present invention are capable of being distributed in the form of a computer readable medium of instructions in a variety of forms and that the present invention applies equally regardless of the particular type of signal bearing media actually used to

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

carry out the distribution. Examples of computer readable media include recordable-type media such a floppy disc, a hard disk drive, a RAM, and CD-ROMs and transmission-type media such as digital and analog communications links.

The description of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, but is not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the invention in the form disclosed. Many modifications and variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art. The embodiment was chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention, the practical application, and to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the invention for 15 various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

5 1. A method for correcting a path sequence of an environment variable in a data processing system, the method comprising:

monitoring the data processing system for a change effecting the environment variable; and

responsive to detection of the change effecting the environment variable, altering the environment variable to ensure that a proper file is found and used when selected by one of a user and a running application program.

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- 2. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the change is a change effecting the path sequence of the environment variable.
- 20 3. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the change is a deletion of a directory from the data processing system.
- 4. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the change is the installation of a software application onto the data processing system.
 - 5. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the change is the modification of the contents of the environment variable.
 - 6. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

of altering the environment variable comprises removing references to all but one of duplicate files in the path sequence of the environment variable.

- 5 7. The method as recited in claim 6, wherein the all but one duplicate file is selected by a user.
 - 8. A method for modifying at least one of a plurality of environmental variables to ensure a more efficient
- 10 operation of a data processing system; the method comprising:

detecting the deletion of a directory from the data processing system;

determining whether any of the plurality of environment variables contain a reference to the directory; and

responsive to a determination that at least one of the plurality of environment variables contains a reference to the directory, removing the reference to the directory in effected ones of the plurality of environment variables.

9. A method for correcting modifications to an environment variable in a data processing system, the method comprising:

detecting that an environment variable has been modified;

responsive to a determination that duplicate files exist in a path sequence of the environment variable, prompting a user to select the correct one of the duplicate files; and

removing all incorrect ones of the duplicate files

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

from the path sequence of the environment variable.

10. A computer program product in a computer readable media for use in a data processing system for correcting a path sequence of an environment variable in the data processing system, the computer program product comprising:

first instructions for monitoring the data processing system for a change effecting the environment variable; and

second instructions, responsive to detection of the change effecting the environment variable, for altering the environment variable to ensure that a proper file is found and used when selected by one of a user and a running application program.

- 11. The computer program product as recited in claim 10, wherein the change is a change effecting the path sequence of the environment variable.
- 12. The computer program product as recited in claim 10, wherein the change is a deletion of a directory from the data processing system.
- 25 13. The computer program product as recited in claim 10, wherein the change is the installation of a software application onto the data processing system.
- 14. The computer program product as recited in claim 10, 30 wherein the change is the modification of the contents of the environment variable.

15. The computer program product as recited in claim 10, wherein the step of altering the environment variable comprises removing references to all but one of duplicate files in the path sequence of the environment variable.

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- 16. The computer program product as recited in claim 15, wherein the all but one duplicate file is selected by a user.
- 10 17. A system for correcting a path sequence of an environment variable in a data processing system, the system comprising:

first means for monitoring the data processing system for a change effecting the environment variable;

15 and

second means, responsive to detection of the change effecting the environment variable, for altering the environment variable to ensure that a proper file is found and used when selected by one of a user and a running application program.

18. The system as recited in claim 17, wherein the change is a change effecting the path sequence of the environment variable.

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- 19. The system as recited in claim 17, wherein the change is a deletion of a directory from the data processing system.
- 30 20. The system as recited in claim 17, wherein the change is the installation of a software application onto the data processing system.

21. The system as recited in claim 17, wherein the change is the modification of the contents of the environment variable.

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22. The system as recited in claim 17, wherein the step of altering the environment variable comprises removing references to all but one of duplicate files in the path sequence of the environment variable.

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- 23. The system as recited in claim 22, wherein the all but one duplicate file is selected by a user.
- 24. A method for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever at least on of the following events occur a) a directory is deleted; b) a product is installed on the data processing system; c) a product is uninstalled on the data processing system; and d) a path sequence of a given environment variable is manually modified by a user;

determining, by the environment variable manager, if the occurring event causes a modification to an affected path sequence of any environment variable; and

enabling at least one of a) a correction to the affected path sequence and b) a display to the user of an interface for informing the user about a need for a correction of the affected path sequence.

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25. A method for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever a path sequence for an environment variable is modified;

determining, by the environment variable manager, if duplicate files exist in the path sequence of the environment variable; and

enabling a display of each environment variable determined to have duplicate files in the path sequence to a user for correction.

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26. A method for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

determining if a directory, within a path sequence of any environment variable, is manually deleted by a user; and

enabling at least one of the following a) an automatic deletion of the directory from the path sequence of the environment variable; and b) a display of an interface to inform the user to delete the directory from the path sequence of any affected environment variables.

27. A data processing system having means for managing environment variables, comprising:

means for automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever at least one of the following events occur a) a directory is deleted; b) a product is installed on the data processing system; c) a product is uninstalled on the data processing system; and d) a path sequence of a given environment variable is manually modified by a user;

means for determining, by the environment variable

manager, if the occurring event causes a modification to an affected path sequence of any environment variable; and

means for enabling at least one of a) a correction to the affected path sequence and b) a display to the user of an interface for informing the user about a need for a correction of the affected path sequence.

28. A data processing system having means for managing environment variables, comprising:

means for automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever a path sequence for an environment variable is modified;

means for determining, by the environment variable

15 manager, if duplicate files exist in the path sequence of
the environment variable; and

means for enabling a display of each environment variable determined to have duplicate files in the path sequence to a user for correction.

29. A data processing system having means for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

means for determining if a directory, within a path sequence of any environment variable is manually deleted by a user; and

means for enabling at least one of the following a) an automatic deletion of the directory from the path sequence of the environment variable; and b) a display of an interface to inform the user to delete the directory from the path sequence of any affected environment variables.

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

30. A computer program on a computer readable medium having program code means for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

instruction means for automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever at least one of the following events occur a) a directory is deleted; b) a product is installed on the data processing system; c) a product is uninstalled on the data processing system; and d) a path sequence of a given environment variable is manually modified by a user;

instruction means for determining, by the environment variable manager, if the occurring event causes a modification to an affected path sequence of any environment variable; and

instruction means for enabling at least one of a) a correction to the affected path sequence and b) a display to the user of an interface for informing the user about a need for correction of the affected path sequence.

31. A computer program on a computer readable medium having program code means for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

instruction means for automatically invoking an environment variable manager whenever a path sequence for an environment variable is modified;

instruction means for determining, by the environment variable manager, if duplicate files exist in the path sequence of the environment variable; and

instruction means for enabling a display of each environment variable determined to have duplicate files in the path sequence to a user for correction.

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Docket No. AUS9-2000-0370-US1

32. A computer program on a computer readable medium having program code means for managing environment variables in a data processing system, comprising:

instruction means for determining if a directory, within a path sequence of any environment variable, is manually deleted by a user; and

instruction means for enabling at least one of the following a) an automatic deletion of the directory from the path sequence of the environment variable; and b) a display of an interface to inform the user to delete the directory form the path sequence of any affected environment variables.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

MONITORING MODIFICATIONS TO ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

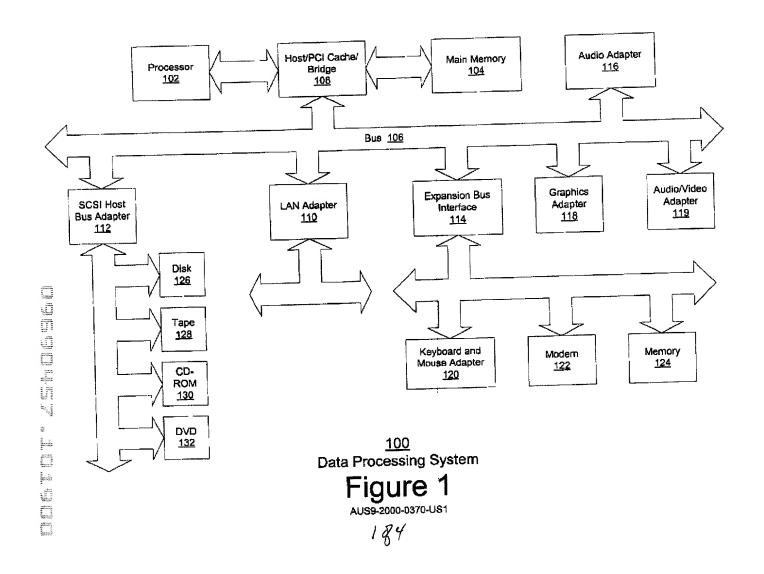
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A method, system, and apparatus for correcting a path sequence of an environment variable in a data processing system is provided. In one embodiment, an environment variable manager monitors the data processing system for any change effecting any of the environment variables within the data processing system. If a change effecting the environment variable is detected, the environment variable manager modifies the environment variable to ensure that a proper file is found and used when the file is selected by a user or a running application program. Therefore, when duplicate files exist on the data processing system, the environment variable manager ensures that the incorrect file is not used when the file is requested by a user or a running application program.



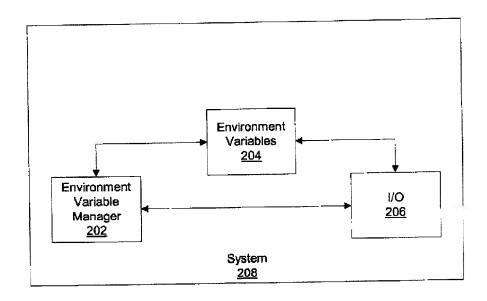


Figure 2 AUS9-2000-0370-US1 204

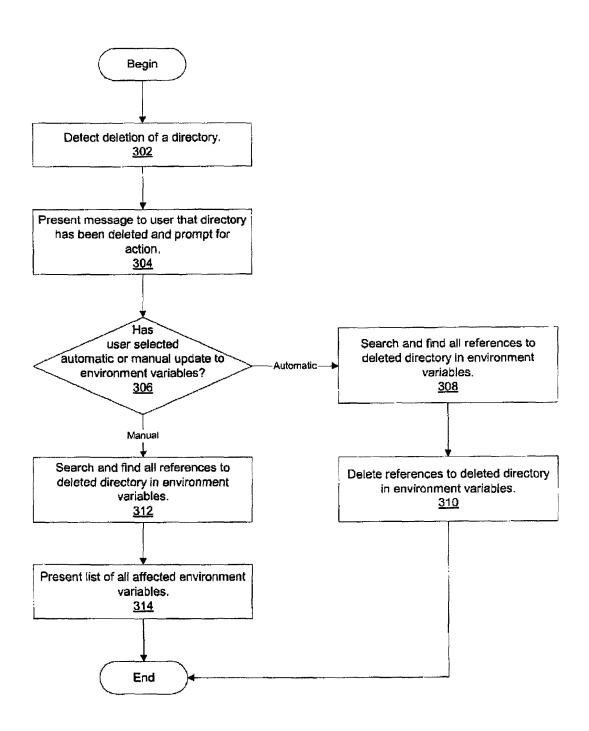


Figure 3

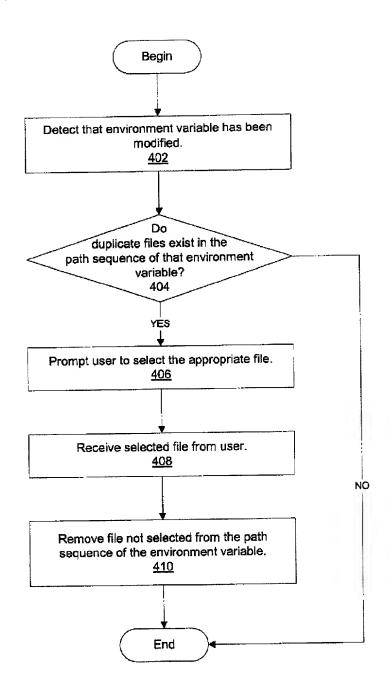


Figure 4
AUS9-2000-0370-US1
4874

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR

PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

MONITORING MODIFICATIONS TO ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES
the specification of which (check one)
\underline{X} is attached hereto.
was filed onas Application Serial Noand was amended on(if applicable)
I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.
I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, $\S1.56$.
I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, \$119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:
Prior Foreign Application(s): Priority Claimed
(Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year) Yes_ No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, \$120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, \$112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to the patentability of this application as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, \$1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Status)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

John W. Henderson, Jr., Reg. No. 26,907; Thomas E. Tyson, Reg. No. 28,543; James H. Barksdale, Jr., Reg. No. 24,091; Casimer K. Salys, Reg. No. 28,900; Robert M. Carwell, Reg. No. 28,499; Douglas H. Lefeve, Reg. No. 26,193; Jeffrey S. LaBaw, Reg. No. 31,633; David A. Mims, Jr., Reg. 32,708; Volel Emile, Reg. No. 39,969; Anthony V. England, Reg. No. 35,129; Leslie A. Van Leeuwen, Reg. No. 42,196; Christopher A. Hughes, Reg. No. 26,914; Edward A. Pennington, Reg. No. 32,588; John E. Hoel, Reg. No. 26,279; Joseph C. Redmond, Jr., Reg. No. 18,753; Marilyn S. Dawkins, Reg. No. 31,140; Mark E. McBurney, Reg. No. 33,114; Duke W. Yee, Reg. No. 34,285; Colin P. Cahoon, Reg. No. 38,836; Stephen R. Loe, Reg. No. 43,757; Stephen J. Walder, Jr., Reg. No. 41,534; Charles D. Stepps, Jr., Reg. No. 45,880; and Stephen R. Tkacs, Reg. No. P-46,430.

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INVENTORS SIGNATURE: # Hsia yu Ka DATE: Oct 16, 2000

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INVENTORS SIGNATURE: John allen Perry DATE: 10-17-2000

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POST OFFICE ADDRESS: SAME AS ABOVE

FULL NAME OF THIRD INVENTOR: John Shih-Yuan Wang them Legare: 10/16/2000

INVENTORS SIGNATURE:_

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Austin, Texas 78746

CITIZENSHIP: <u>United States</u>

POST OFFICE ADDRESS: <u>SAME</u> AS ABOVE